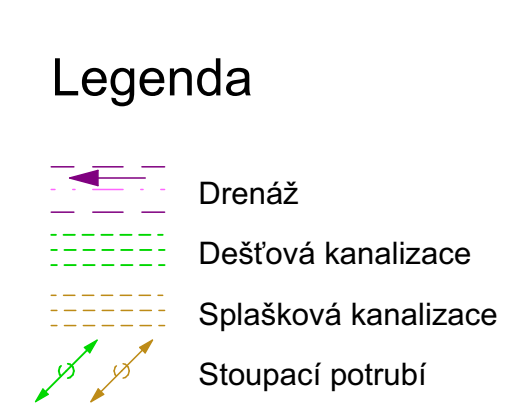
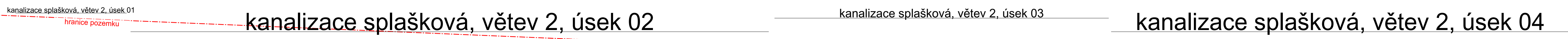




Atelier

arhitekt.: ing. arch. Kyrilof Štalo

kreslil: ing. arch. Jan Chalupa
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 dokumentace pro provedení stavby

ZTI - kanalizace

Kanalizace - ležatý rozvod
přípojky, rampa & retenčka,
podélné řezy splašková kan

Abstract The purpose of this study was to determine the effect of a 12-week, low-intensity, supervised walking program on the physical and psychological health of sedentary, middle-aged women. The study was a randomized, controlled trial. The subjects were 40 sedentary, middle-aged women who were randomly assigned to either a walking program or a control group. The walking program consisted of 12 weeks of supervised walking, 3 times per week, for 30 minutes per session. The control group consisted of 20 women who did not participate in the walking program. The physical and psychological health of the subjects was assessed at baseline and at 12 weeks. The walking program had a significant positive effect on the physical and psychological health of the subjects. The walking program significantly improved the subjects' physical health, as measured by the 6-minute walk test, and their psychological health, as measured by the Beck Depression Inventory and the State-Trait Anxiety Inventory. The walking program also significantly improved the subjects' quality of life, as measured by the SF-36. The walking program was well tolerated and had no adverse effects. The results of this study suggest that a 12-week, low-intensity, supervised walking program can improve the physical and psychological health of sedentary, middle-aged women.

stav: 28.12.2025
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